

Feasibility and Adherence of 3-Month Isoniazid plus Rifampicin regimen (3HR) to Prevent Tuberculosis in Children

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Background

- Tuberculosis (TB) is globally concerned.¹
- Latent tuberculosis infection (LTBI) treatment to prevent active TB disease is the major policy to end TB.²
- 6-9 months of isoniazid monotherapy (6H, 9H) is continuously being a standard treatment of LTBI^{3,4} but its effectiveness is limited by poor completion rate.⁵
 - 1. WHO. Global tuberculosis report 2021. Geneva: WHO; 2021.
 - 2. Uplekar M, et al. Lancet. 2015;385(9979):1799-801.
 - 3. WHO. Latent tuberculosis infection: updated and consolidated guidelines for programmatic management: WHO; 2018.
 - 4. Sterling, et al. Am J Transplant. 2020;20:1196–1206.
 - 5. Bull World Health Organ 1982; 60(4): 555-564.



Background

- Short course combination therapy with 3-month isoniazid plus rifampicin regimen (3HR) is currently recommended for LTBI treatment and has been possibly superior to 9H due to its effectiveness, safety and well adherence 2-6.
- However, this regimen has not been used widely in Thailand and limited data on adherence, safety and efficacy in Thai children.
 - 1. WHO. operational handbook on tuberculosis: module 5: management of tuberculosis in children and adolescents; 2022.
 - 2. Spyridis NP, et al. Clin Infect Dis. 2007;45(6):715-22.
 - 3. Ormerod L, et al. Arch Dis Child. 1998;78(2):169-71.
 - 4. Rennie TW, et al. Eur Respy Journal. 2007;30(4):728-35.
 - 5. Bright-Thomas R, et al. Arch Dis Child. 2010;95(8):600-2.
 - 6. Van Zyl S, et al. Int J Tuberc Lung Dis. 2006;10(1):13-8.

2 episodes of TB exposure in pediatric wards during 2020-2021

Episode 1 (CCU)



Female 25 years old HCW Horseness 2 month CXR- opacity at RUL AFB- positive scanty 25 cells, C/S-TB (susceptible to IRE) Contagious from Feb – Jul 2020 Face mask was not strictly used

118 e

118 exposed children

Index case

Episode 2 (Oncology and general ward)



Female 25 years old
Parent
Chronic cough 5 month
CXR- opacity at RUL
AFB- positive 1+
C/S- TB (susceptible to IRE)
Contagious from May 2020 –
Jan 2021
Face mask was not strictly used



Total 267 exposed children

- Contact investigation (symptoms and CXR)
- Tuberculosis preventive therapy (3HR)

149 exposed children



Objectives

Primary objective

Determine feasibility, adherence and completion rate of 3HR regimen in TB-exposed children in the episodes

Secondary objective

- Determine adverse events of 3HR
- Determine incidence of TB disease (at least 1 year follow-up) in TB-exposed children who received 3HR