

Outreach Strategies to Promote HIV Testing and Linkage-to-Care Focusing on a Young Population with Gender Diversity

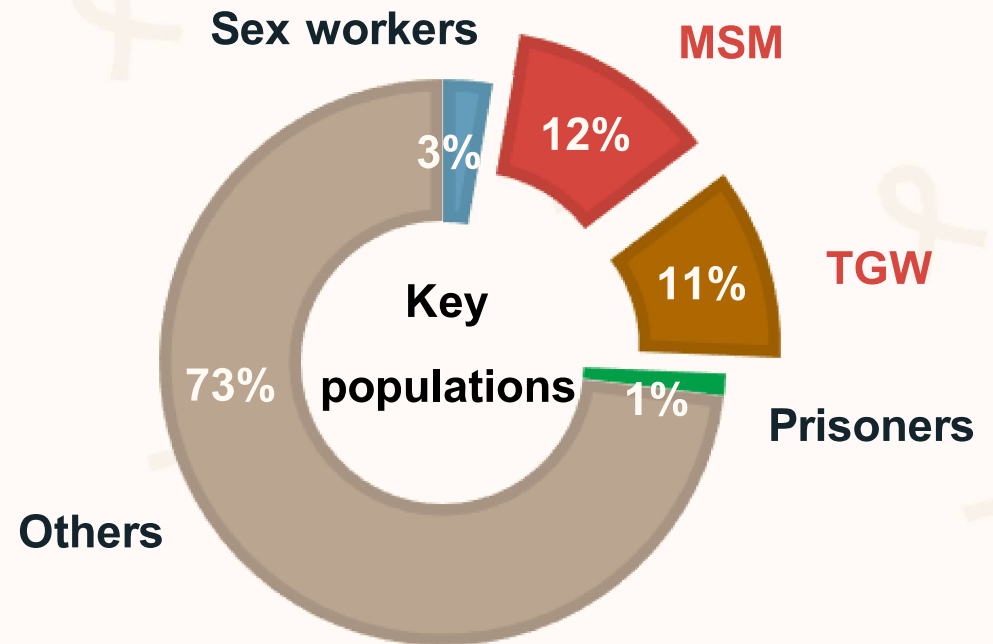
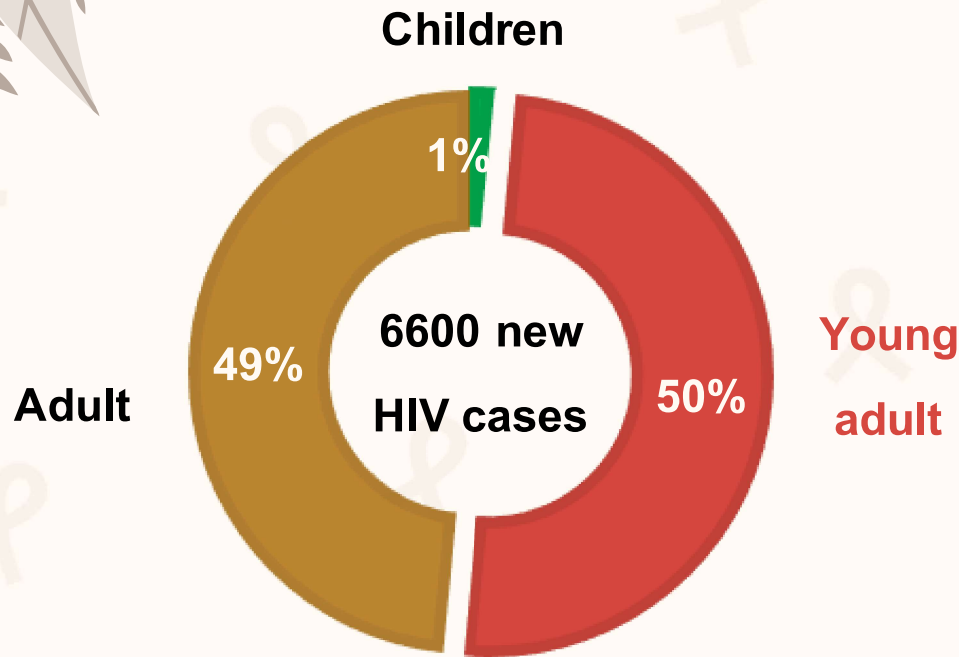
**Paponsan Chiaprasert¹, Rangsima Lolekha², Supattra Rungmaitree¹,
Alan Maleesatharn¹, Yuitiang Durier¹, *Kulkanya Chokephaibulkit^{1,3}**

¹*Division of Infectious Disease, Department of Pediatrics, Faculty of Medicine Siriraj Hospital, Mahidol University, Bangkok, Thailand*

²*Division of Global HIV and TB, U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Nonthaburi, Thailand*

³*Director, Siriraj Institute of Clinical Research, Faculty of Medicine Siriraj Hospital, Mahidol University, Bangkok, Thailand*

Background



50% were 15-24 years of age

52.8% MSM and 68.4% TGW underwent HIV testing

“95-95-95” goals in 2030 of Test-Treat-Retain of HIV

UNAIDS data 2021

Global data on HIV epidemiology and response. Available from: <https://aidsinfo.unaids.org/>

Fast-Track - Ending the AIDS epidemic by 2030. UNAIDS, 2020



Lovecare YM2M Young Men's Health Station



Mahidol University
Faculty of Medicine
Siriraj Hospital



Promote recruitment, HIV testing and linkage to proper management

Objectives

Primary objectives

- To compare the efficacy of the outreach strategies in promoting HIV testing and linkage to care

Secondary objectives

- To compare the efficacy of the outreach strategies in promoting linkage to PrEP/PEP and syphilis testing

Outcome measurements

- Number of reach
- Rate of HIV testing
- Rate of linkage to care

- Rate of linkage to PrEP/PEP
- Rate of syphilis testing

Methods

01

Study design

Descriptive comparative study

02

Populations

All participants from two outreach strategies

- **Online platforms (OP):** web-based education (<https://ym2m.lovecarestation.com>) and live-online counseling using Facebook
- **Physical outreach activities (POA):** Thai folk concerts (Mor-Lam concerts), vocational colleges and sauna in Bangkok

03

Duration

3 years (July 2018 to July 2021)